

DC5312S/B-ADC User Guide

Introduction

The DC5312S/B-ADC is a daughter card used with the Cirrus Logic Dungleass (CDB-PROAUDIO) system to evaluate high performance ADC, DAC, and codec devices. This document details how to connect the DC5312S/B-ADC to the Dungleass (CDB-PROAUDIO) system and how to get started.

The DC5312S/B-ADC, with the default jumper positions, is shown in Figure 1.

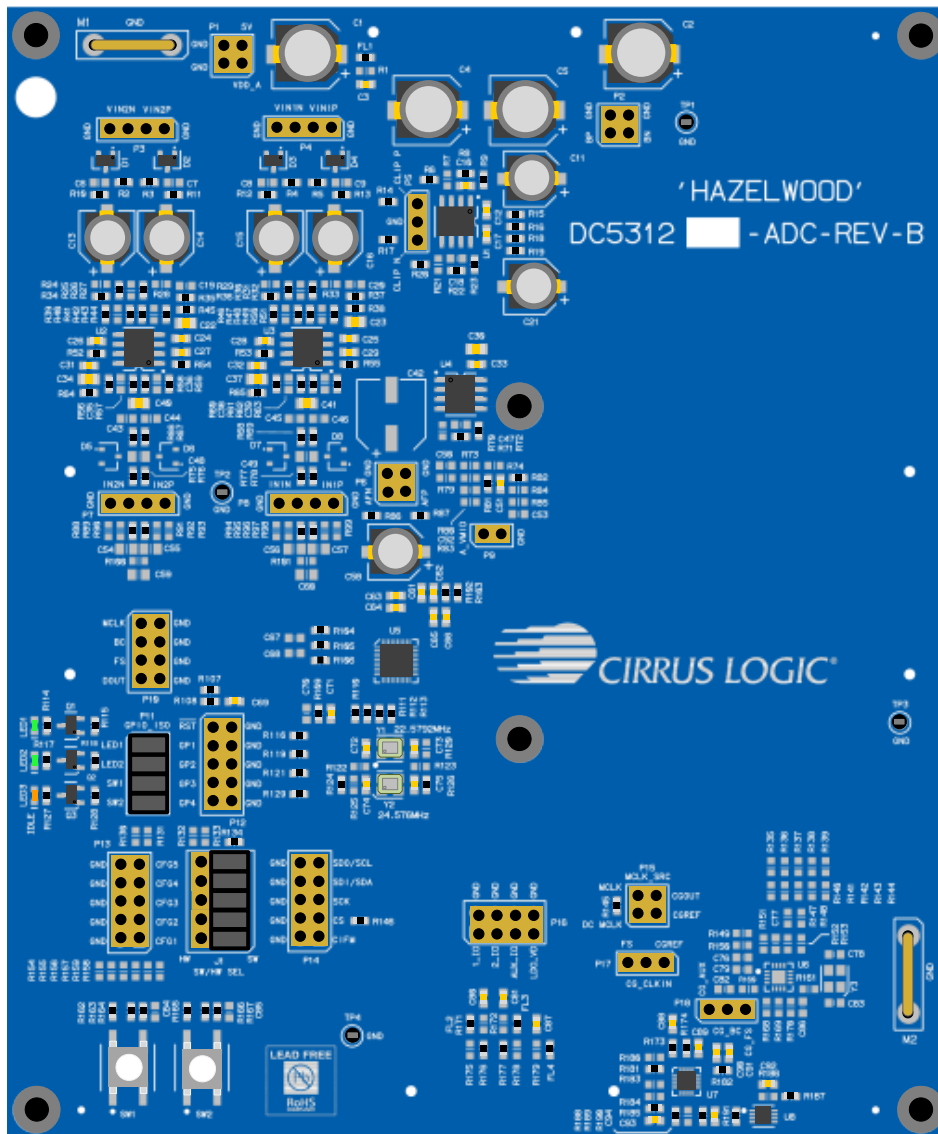


Figure 1: DC5312S/B-ADC Daughter Card

Table of Contents

1	Hardware Connections	3
1.1	How to Connect DC5312S/B-ADC onto the Duglass System	3
1.2	USB and Power Connection	4
1.2.1	JURA Module	5
1.2.2	Duglass Boot Procedure with JURA Module	5
1.3	Routing the Digital Audio PCM Signals	6
1.4	Selection of Hardware or Software Control Mode	7
1.5	DC5312S/B-ADC System Clocking Source Selection	8
2	Driver Installation and SoundClear Studio Support	9
2.1	SoundClear Studio	9
2.1.1	Download SoundClear Studio Software and Drivers	9
2.2	SoundClear Studio Quick Start Guide	10
2.2.1	Installing Packages	10
2.2.2	SoundClear Studio User Guide	10
2.2.3	Creating a Virtual System.....	11
2.2.4	Adding an Existing System.....	12
2.2.5	Executing SoundClear Studio Scripts.....	13
3	DC5312S/B-ADC Software Mode Quick Start	14
4	Hardware Control Mode	15
4.1	Hardware Mode Rotary Switch Settings.....	16
5	Input Buffer Circuits	18
5.1	Input Buffer	18
6	Notices	19
7	References	19
8	Revision History	19

1.2 USB and Power Connection

Dunglass is powered using a 5 V external power supply and is controlled via a single USB connection. The JURA module supports the following functions via the USB connection:

- I2C/SPI communications to control device and board
- Multichannel USB streaming audio (USB Class 2)

The Dunglass board is provided with a USB-A to USB-C cable and a 5 V wall supply; connection is illustrated in Figure 3.

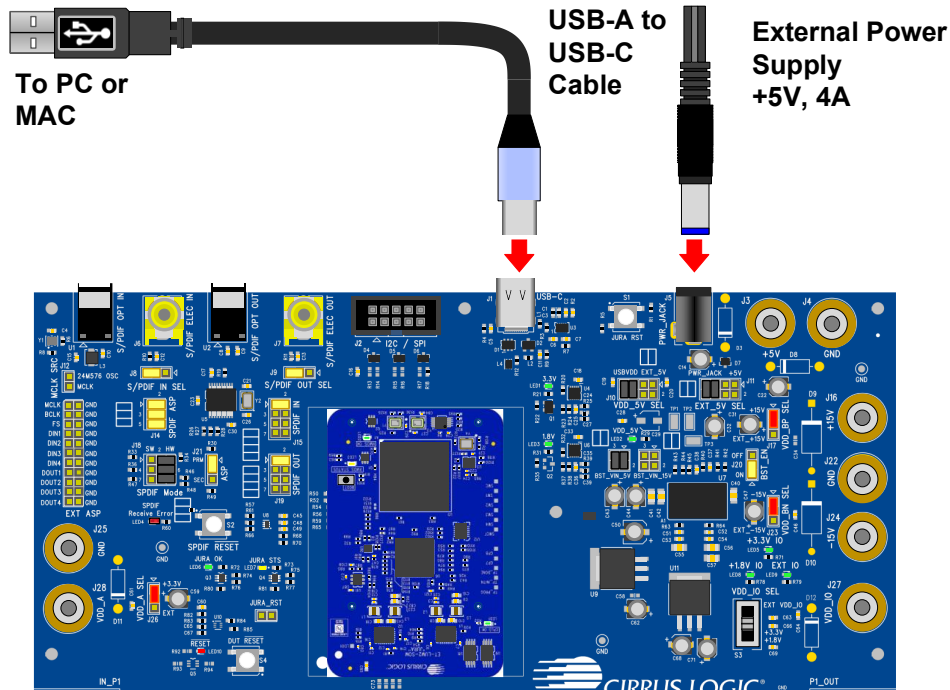


Figure 3: Dunglass (CDB-PROAUDIO) USB and Power Connection

A Total Phase Aardvark connector can be used for I2C/SPI communication. Refer to the CDB-PROAUDIO User Guide^[1] for more details.

1.2.1 JURA Module

The JURA module supports I2C/SPI communication to control the Dunglass system and daughter card; it also enables multichannel USB streaming audio (USB audio Class 2).

The JURA module is connected to the Dunglass board as shown in Figure 4:

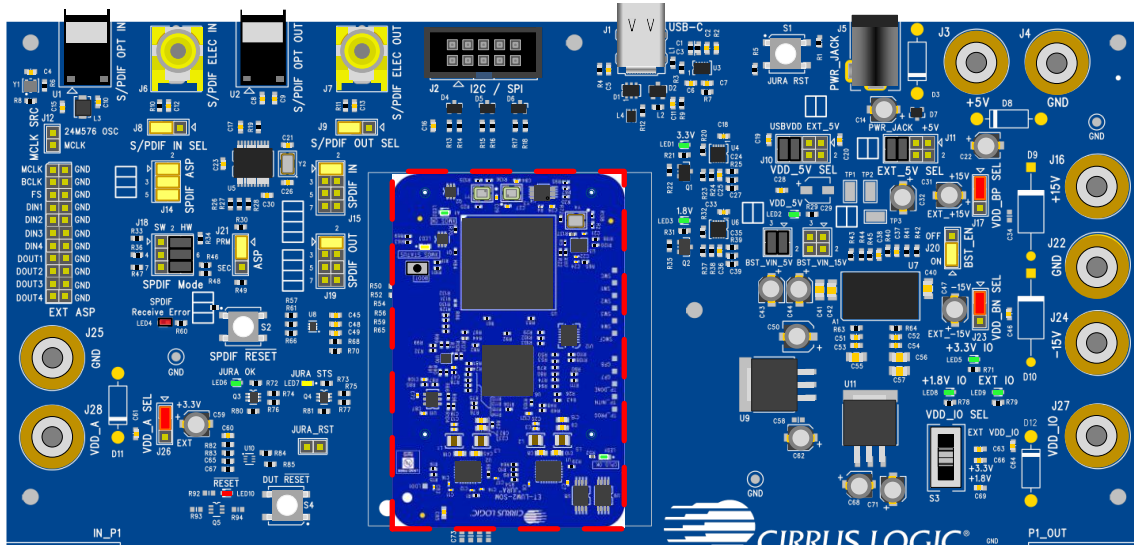


Figure 4: JURA Module Connection to Dunglass System

1.2.2 Dunglass Boot Procedure with JURA Module

The USB-C cable must be connected between the Dunglass system and the PC or Mac® prior to powering up the board.

The boot time of the Dunglass system varies depending on the version of firmware on the JURA module but is typically in the range of 2 s to 5 s after applying power to the board.

1.3 Routing the Digital Audio PCM Signals

The digital audio PCM paths to the daughter card can be routed from the JURA module, or else from the EXT ASP header located on the Dunglass system. The routing is configured using the ASP_SRC1, ASP_SRC2, and ASP_SRC3 headers as follows:

- JURA = Digital audio signals routed from JURA module
- EXT = Digital audio signals routed from EXT ASP header

The ASP_SRC1, ASP_SRC2, and ASP_SRC3 headers are configured for JURA Primary Mode, EXT ASP Primary Mode and EXT ASP Secondary Mode as shown in Figure 5, Figure 6, and Figure 7 respectively.

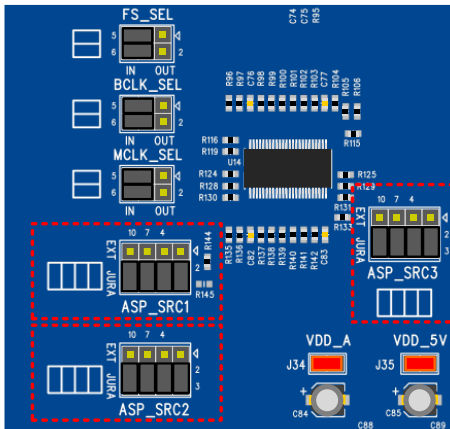


Figure 5: JURA Module Primary Mode

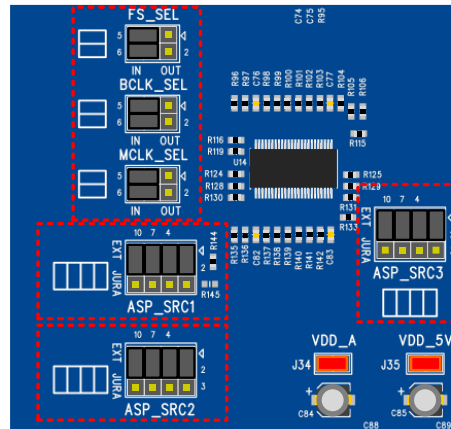


Figure 6: EXT ASP Primary Mode

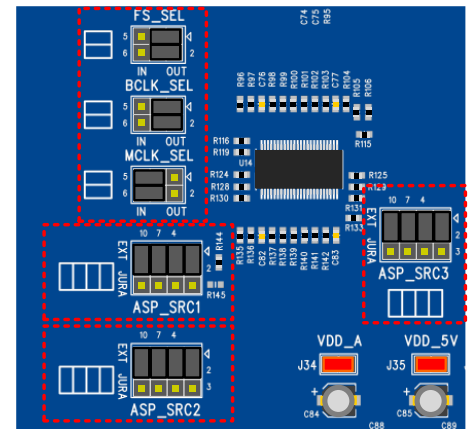


Figure 7: EXT ASP Secondary Mode

The JURA module always operates in Primary Mode – the MCLK, BCLK, and FSYNCK clock signals are generated by the JURA module as inputs to the daughter card.

If the digital audio is routed from the EXT ASP header, the direction of the MCLK, BCLK, and FSYNCK clock signals are configured using the MCLK_SEL, BCLK_SEL, and FS_SEL headers respectively. Each signal is configured independently, as follows:

- IN = EXT ASP header supports the signal as input to the daughter card
- OUT = EXT ASP header supports the signal as output from the daughter card

Note that the EXT ASP header uses 3.3 V logic levels; a level shifter is incorporated to interface with the VDD_IO domain on the DC5312S/B-ADC daughter card.

1.4 Selection of Hardware or Software Control Mode

The CS5312S/B supports hardware and software control modes. The hardware and software modes are set via the HW/SW SEL header on the DC5312S/B-ADC and the rotary switches on the Dunglass system. The Software Mode and Hardware Mode jumper link configurations are shown in Figure 8 and Figure 9.

- SW = Software Mode
- HW = Hardware Mode.

In Hardware Mode, rotary switches are used to select the desired configuration. See Section 4 for information on Hardware Mode.

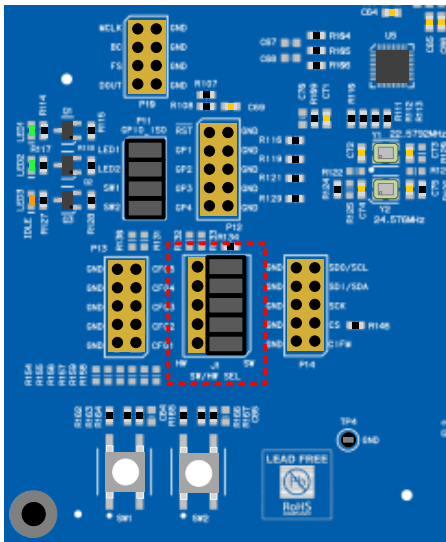


Figure 8: Software Mode Jumper Link Configuration

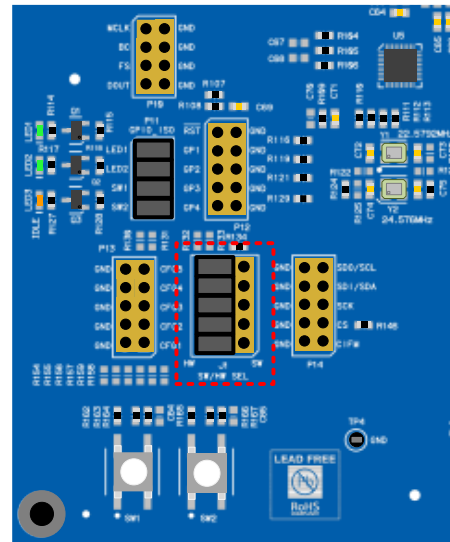


Figure 9: Hardware Mode Jumper Link Configuration

Note that Hardware Mode is only supported for VDD_IO = 3.3 V on the DC5312S/B-ADC due to the 3.3 V rotary switch pull-up supply on the Dunglass system.

1.5 DC5312S/B-ADC System Clocking Source Selection

Clocking for the CS5312S/B is provided using either the MCLK input or the crystal (XTAL) oscillator. The MCLK input is selected by default on the DC5312S/B-ADC. The XTAL oscillator uses one of two external crystals, Y1 or Y2, provided on the DC5312S/B-ADC to generate the system clock. Y1 provides a 22.5792 MHz signal and Y2 provides a 24.576 MHz signal. The oscillators are enabled by configuring resistors on the DC5312S/B-ADC board as follows:

- Y1 (22.5792 MHz). Enabled by removing R126 and R124, and populating R120 and R122.
- Y2 (24.576 MHz). Enabled by removing R126 and R124, and populating R123 and R125.

The clocking source is configured as shown in Figure 10, Figure 11 and Figure 12.

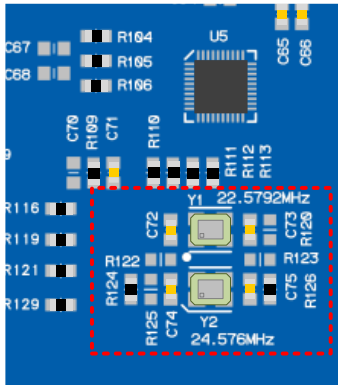


Figure 10: Dungle System MCLK as clocking source (Default)

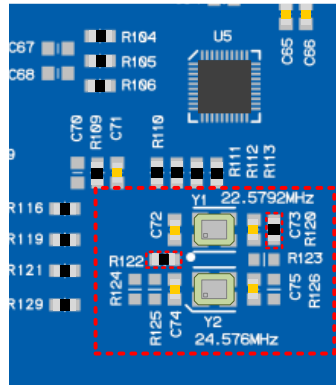


Figure 11: Crystal (XTAL) oscillator Y1 as clocking source

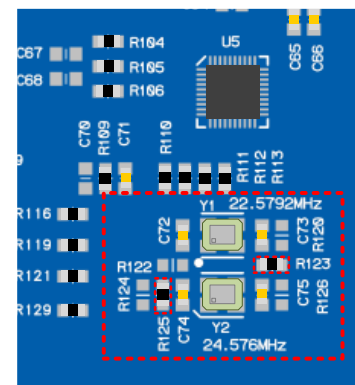


Figure 12: Crystal (XTAL) oscillator Y2 as clocking source

In Hardware Mode, the clocking source is configured using the CONFIG4 pin, as detailed in the CS5312S/B datasheet^[2]. In Software Mode, the clocking source is selected using the register field SYSCLK_SRC.

If clocking is provided using the crystal oscillator, the CS5312S/B outputs a clock on the MCLK pin. The frequency of the MCLK output clock matches the crystal oscillator frequency. The output clock can be used to drive other devices.

2 Driver Installation and SoundClear Studio Support

2.1 SoundClear Studio

SoundClear® Studio (SCS) is a PC/Mac®-based tool used to configure Cirrus Logic devices. The tools suite provides support for evaluation and development and can be used with Duglass system and associated daughter cards.

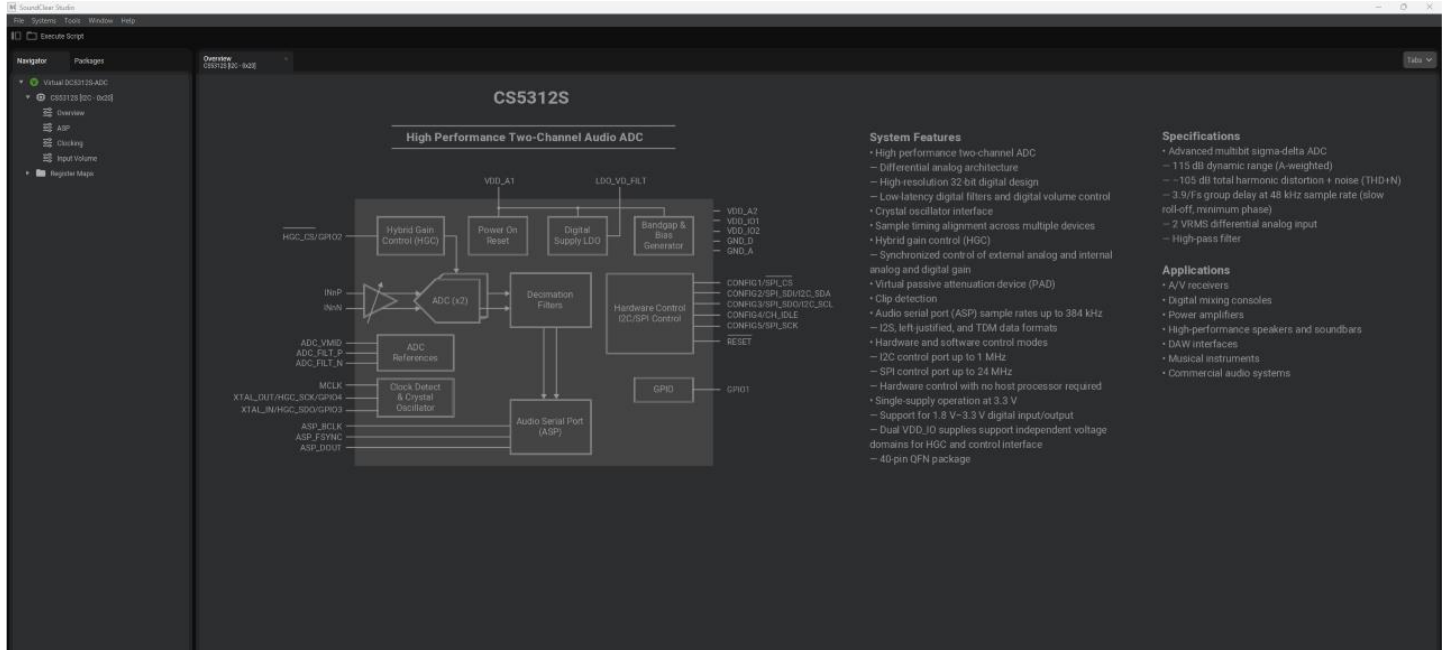


Figure 13: SoundClear Studio

2.1.1 Download SoundClear Studio Software and Drivers

SoundClear Studio and associated software collateral required for the Duglass system can be downloaded from <https://cirrus.com>.

The required components are as follows:

- **SoundClear Studio 2.1.** Run the appropriate installer on your Windows® or macOS computer to install SoundClear Studio.
- **CS5312S/B SCS Package.** Install this in SoundClear Studio to incorporate the CS5312S/B-specific software components in SoundClear Studio. See Section 2.2.1 for details on how to install an SCS package.
- **JURA Windows Setup.** On Windows computers, run the Cirrus Logic USB Audio Setup to install the driver that enables SoundClear Studio to communicate with the JURA board.

2.2 SoundClear Studio Quick Start Guide

2.2.1 Installing Packages

Each daughter card has its own individual SoundClear Studio package that must be installed separately from the main SoundClear Studio Software. These are installed from the main menu using **"File → Install Package..."**. Multiple packages can be installed together by selecting more than one using the file dialog.

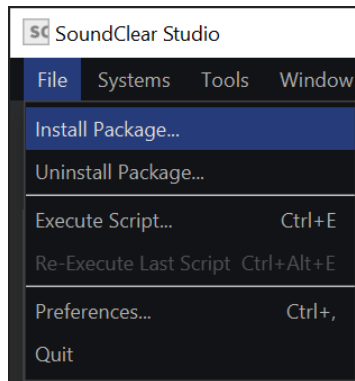


Figure 14: SoundClear Studio – Installing Board Packages

2.2.2 SoundClear Studio User Guide

The SoundClear Studio User Guide can be accessed from the main menu using **"Help → Open Help Contents..."**

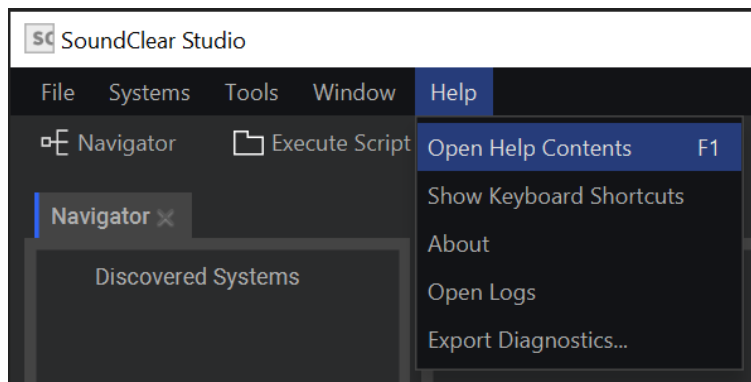


Figure 15: SoundClear Studio – User Guide

2.2.3 Creating a Virtual System

A virtual (non-hardware) version of the system can be created using “**Systems** → **Add Virtual System...**”

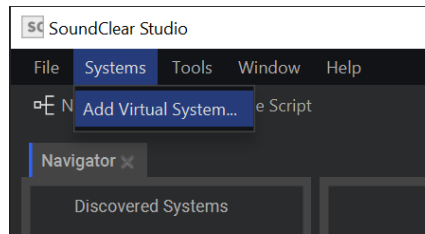


Figure 16: SoundClear Studio – Creating a Virtual System

This opens a dialog box to select an installed system (shown here is the DC5312S-ADC):

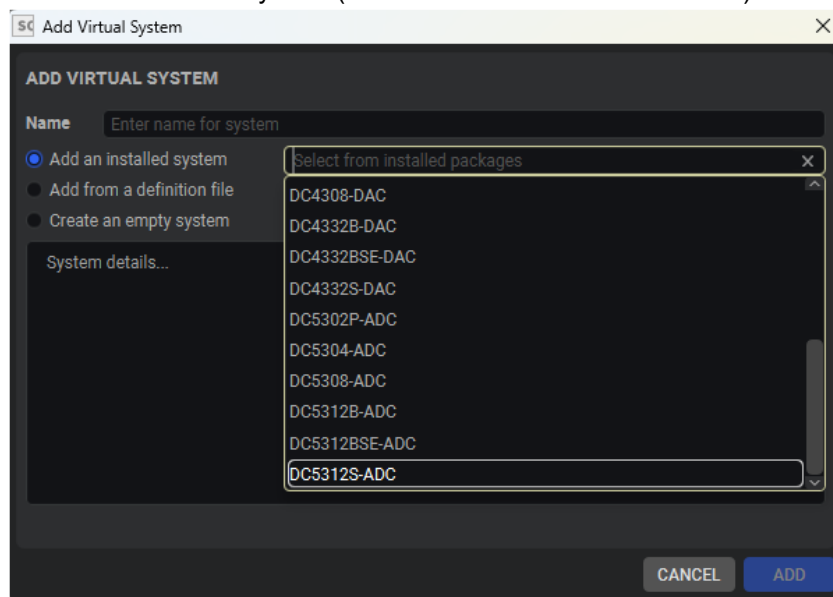


Figure 17: SoundClear Studio – Adding a Virtual System

Once created, a virtual system enables the user to interact with virtual versions of the device register map and helper panels.

2.2.4 Adding an Existing System

SoundClear Studio automatically detects board hardware such as the Jura module and Cirrus Logic devices. In the event of devices not being detected automatically, a device can be added manually. Right click on the system and select “Add Device...”

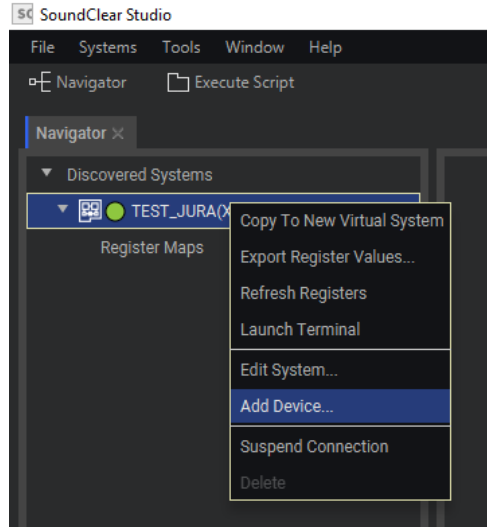


Figure 18: SoundClear Studio – Adding an Existing Device

Then select the device from those installed, along with the protocol and address of the part (this can be edited again by right clicking on the device and selected “Edit Device...”):

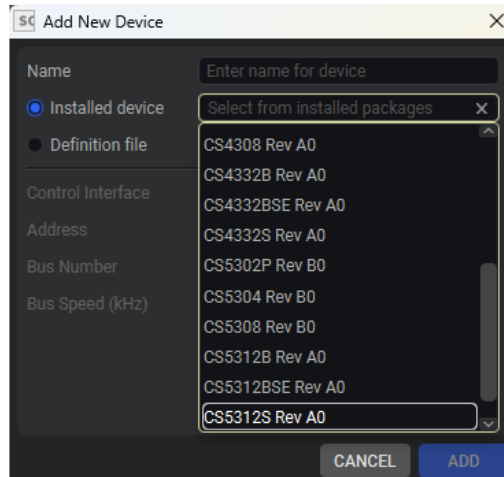


Figure 19: SoundClear Studio – Adding an Existing Device

2.2.5 Executing SoundClear Studio Scripts

SoundClear Studio provides the ability to interact with the device register map using Python® scripts. These scripts can sequence register operations to configure the desired states, which can then be executed from SoundClear Studio using “File→Execute Script...”

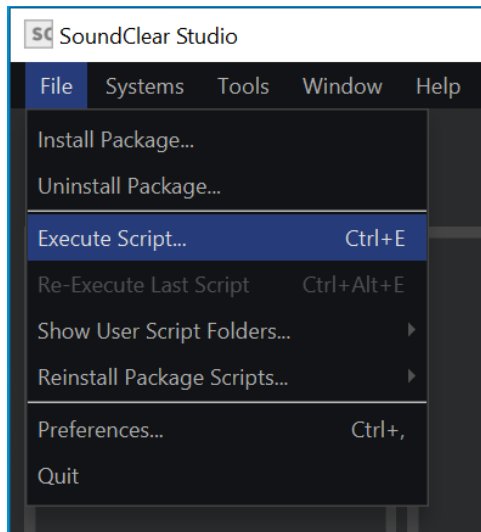


Figure 20: SoundClear Studio – Executing Script

The CS5312S/B SoundClear Studio package installs a set of scripts to configure the device for common use cases. These are available at <User Documents>\Cirrus Logic\SCS\Scripts\<Package Name>.

The scripts can be accessed via “File→Show User Script Folder→CS5312 Scripts”

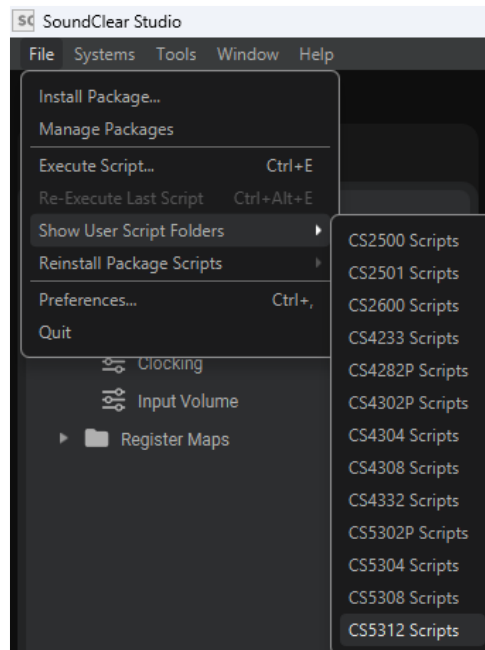


Figure 21: SoundClear Studio – Show User Script Folder

3 DC5312S/B-ADC Software Mode Quick Start

The following steps describe how to start the DC5312S/B-ADC in Software Mode after installing the SoundClear Studio software and the CS5312 SCS package:

1. Connect the hardware as shown in Figure 2.
2. Connect the USB cable to the PC.
3. Power up the system and ensure the JURA OK, 1.8 V, 3.3 V, and VDD_5V LEDs are illuminated.
4. Configure signal routing as shown in Section 1.3.
5. Start SoundClear Studio.
SoundClear Studio should auto-detect the DC5312S/B-ADC daughter card. If not, follow the procedure specified in Section 2.2.4.
6. Run the required script from the following location: <User Documents>\Cirrus Logic\SCS\Scripts\<Package Name>.

4 Hardware Control Mode

The Duglass system supports Hardware Mode for Cirrus Logic high performance ADC, DAC, and codec devices. These are supported via the rotary switches on the Duglass system, as illustrated in Figure 22.

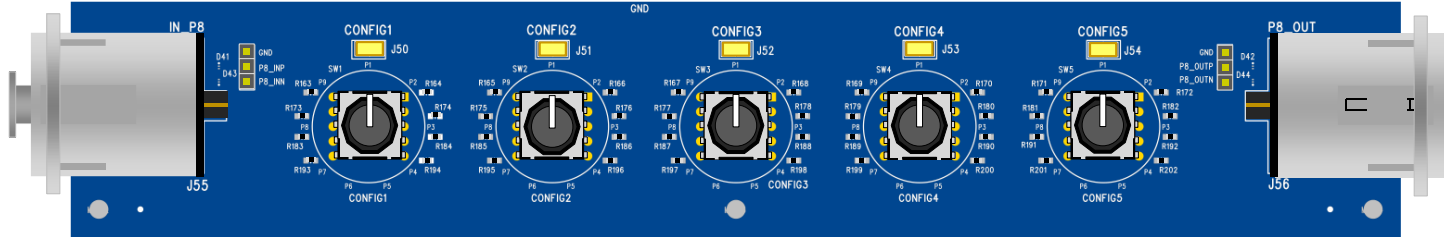


Figure 22: Duglass Rotary Switches for Hardware Control Mode

Each switch has silkscreen on the board to indicate the position of the switch. Each switch position enables a pull resistor on the respective CONFIG pin to VDD_A or ground, as shown in Figure 23.

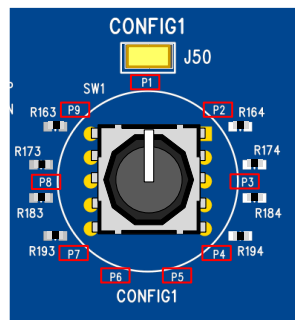


Figure 23: Rotary Switch

If the rotary switches are reconfigured while the Duglass system is powered, changes will not take effect until the DC5312S/B-ADC is reset by pushing the DUT RESET button.

Note that Hardware Mode is only supported for VDD_IO = 3.3 V on the DC5312S/B-ADC due to the 3.3 V rotary switch pull-up supply on the Duglass system.

4.1 Hardware Mode Rotary Switch Settings

The CS5312S/B supports Hardware Mode. The rotary switch functions are described in Table 1 to Table 5. Refer to the CS5312S/B datasheet^[2] for further details of the Hardware Mode options.

The CONFIG1 pin selects the ASP operating configuration:

Table 1: CONFIG1 Hardware Control – ASP Configuration

Switch Position	Pin Configuration		Description
P1	Pull-up to 3.3 V	0 Ω	Software Control Mode (I2C/SPI)
P2		4.7 kΩ	In I2C Mode, the pull-up resistor is used to select the device address—see CS5312S/B datasheet.
P3		22 kΩ	In SPI Mode, it is recommended to use the 100 kΩ pull-up position.
P4		100 kΩ	
P5	Pull-Down to GND	100 kΩ	ASP Primary Mode, 176.4 kHz, 192 kHz sample rate
P6		22 kΩ	ASP Primary Mode, 88.2 kHz, 96 kHz sample rate
P7		4.7 kΩ	ASP Primary Mode, 44.1 kHz, 48 kHz sample rate
P8		0 Ω	ASP Secondary Mode, autodetect sample rate ¹
P9	No Connection	—	—

- Autodetect sample rate is only supported in MCLK 256 fs(base), MCLK 512 fs(base) or MCLK 1024 fs(base) clocking configurations.

The CONFIG2 pin selects the ASP format and TDM timeslots option:

Table 2: CONFIG2 Hardware Control – ASP Configuration

Switch Position	Pin Configuration		Description
P1	Pull-up to 3.3 V	0 Ω	ASP TDM Mode—minimum time slots, ASP_FSYNC_TYPE = pulse
P2		4.7 kΩ	ASP TDM Mode—maximum time slots, data output on BCLK falling edge (half-cycle mode), ASP_FSYNC_TYPE = pulse
P3		22 kΩ	ASP TDM Mode—maximum time slots, data output on BCLK rising edge (full-cycle mode), ASP_FSYNC_TYPE = pulse
P4		100 kΩ	ASP TDM Mode—minimum time slots, ASP_FSYNC_TYPE = square wave (50% duty cycle)
P5	Pull-Down to GND	100 kΩ	ASP TDM Mode—maximum time slots, data output on BCLK falling edge (half-cycle mode), ASP_FSYNC_TYPE = square wave (50% duty cycle)
P6		22 kΩ	ASP TDM Mode—maximum time slots, data output on BCLK rising edge (full-cycle mode), ASP_FSYNC_TYPE = square wave (50% duty cycle)
P7		4.7 kΩ	ASP Left-Justified Mode
P8		0 Ω	ASP I ² S Mode
P9	No Connection	—	—

The CONFIG3 pin selects the TDM slot selection in TDM Mode:

Table 3: CONFIG3 Hardware Control – TDM Slot Selection

Switch Position	Pin Configuration		Description
P1	Pull-up to 3.3 V	0 Ω	Slots 14–15
P2		4.7 kΩ	Slots 12–13
P3		22 kΩ	Slots 10–11
P4		100 kΩ	Slots 8–9
P5	Pull-Down to GND	100 kΩ	Slots 6–7
P6		22 kΩ	Slots 4–5
P7		4.7 kΩ	Slots 2–3
P8		0 Ω	Slots 0–1
P9	No Connection	—	—

The CONFIG4 pin selects the clock reference and ASP channel ordering:

Table 4: CONFIG4 Hardware Control – Clocking Configuration

Switch Position	Pin Configuration		Clock Reference	Reference Clock Frequency (MHz)	Virtual PAD
P1	Pull-up to 3.3 V	0 Ω			Bypassed
P2		4.7 k Ω	XTAL	512 fs(base)	
P3		22 k Ω			
P4		100 k Ω	MCLK	512 fs(base)	
P5	Pull-Down to GND	100 k Ω			Enabled – Level Detection
P6		22 k Ω	MCLK	512 fs(base)	
P7		4.7 k Ω			Enabled – Edge Detection
P8		0 Ω	MCLK	512 fs(base)	
P9	No Connection	—	—	—	—

- fs(base) is the base sample rate.
fs(base) = 48 kHz for 48 kHz-related sample rates; fs(base) = 44.1 kHz for 44.1 kHz-related sample rates.

The CONFIG5 pin selects the digital filters, note this is only available on the CS5312S ADC:

Table 5: CONFIG5 Hardware Control –ADC Input Digital Filter Selection - CS5312S Only.

Switch Position	Pin Configuration		ADC Decimation Filter ¹	High-Pass Filter (HPF)
P1	Pull-up to VDD_A	0 Ω	Minimum phase, slow roll-off	Bypassed
P2		4.7 k Ω	Minimum phase, fast roll-off	
P3		22 k Ω	Linear phase, slow roll-off	
P4		100 k Ω	Linear phase, fast roll-off	
P5	Pull-Down to GND	100 k Ω	Linear phase, fast roll-off	Enabled
P6		22 k Ω	Linear phase, slow roll-off	
P7		4.7 k Ω	Minimum phase, fast roll-off	
P8		0 Ω	Minimum phase, slow roll-off	
P9	No Connection	—	—	—

- Fast roll-off filters are supported for all sample rates. Slow roll-off filters are not valid for 16 kHz or 32 kHz sample rate.

5 Input Buffer Circuits

5.1 Input Buffer

The analog input channels are supported using external buffer circuits. The buffer circuit, comprising a high-pass filter and anti-alias filter, implemented on the DC5312S/B-ADC daughter card is shown in Figure 24. The buffer circuit shown produces a full-scale (0 dBFS) output from a 2 V_{RMS} differential input.

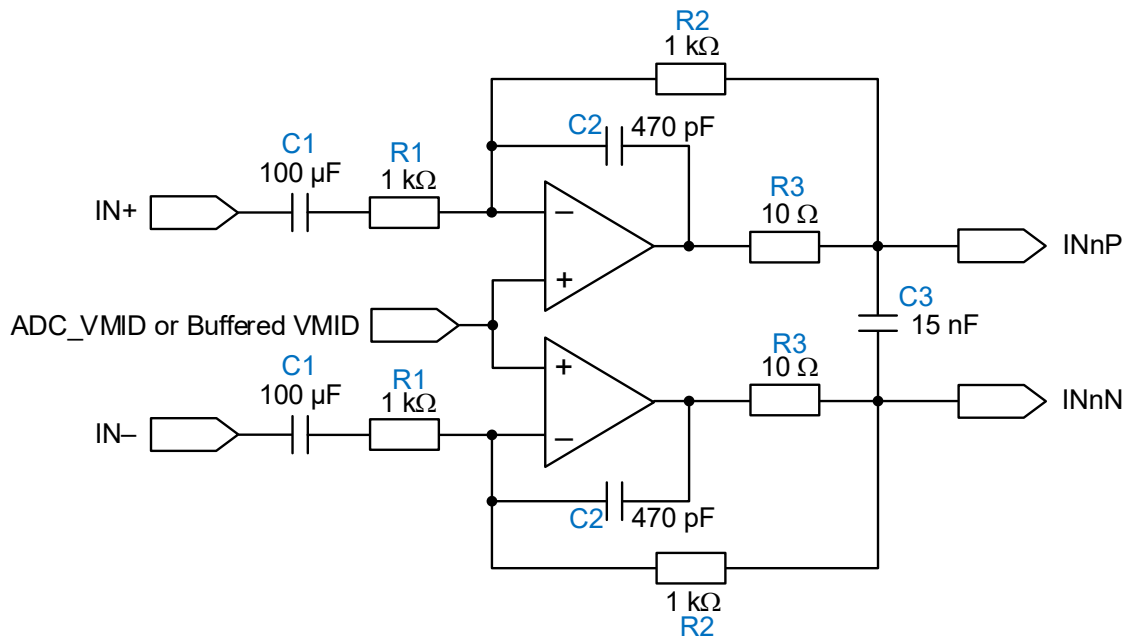


Figure 24: Differential Input Buffer

The high-pass filter is provided by the AC-coupling capacitor C1 and series resistor R1. Using the values shown in Figure 24, the –3 dB cut-off frequency (F_c) can be calculated using the following equation:

$$F_c = \frac{1}{2\pi R_1 C_1} = \frac{1}{2\pi \times 1000 \times (100 \times 10^{-6})} = 1.59 \text{ Hz}$$

The anti-alias filter is provided by the op-amp and associated feedback components. The objective is to provide a flat passband for the audio input bandwidth, and sufficient attenuation at the ADC-modulator sample frequency. The low output impedance of the circuit minimizes the distortion of the signal path.

The typical filter shown provides a –3 dB cut-off frequency around 424 kHz, suitable for the highest CS5312S/B sample rate of 384 kHz. The attenuation slope of –12 dB/octave results in 42 dB attenuation at the ADC-modulator sample frequency of 6.144 MHz.

The –3 dB cut-off frequency is approximated by the following equation:

$$F_c = \frac{1}{2\pi \sqrt{R_2 R_3 C_2 2 C_3}} = \frac{1}{2\pi \sqrt{1000 \times 10 \times 470 \times 10^{-12} \times 2 \times 15 \times 10^{-9}}} = 424 \text{ kHz}$$

The gain of the input buffer is set by R1 and R2. The gain should be configured to provide a full-scale signal of 2 V_{RMS} at the input to the CS5312S/B. The values shown in Figure 24 provide a ratio of 1; in this configuration, the buffer supports a full-scale input of 2 V_{RMS}.

6 Notices

JURA firmware development utilizes components under the following licenses:

1. XMOS PUBLIC LICENCE: Version 1, available at www.xmos.ai/license-agreements/
2. The MIT License, available at www.github.com/microsoft/uf2/blob/master/LICENSE.txt. Copyright © Microsoft Corporation

Unmodified USB Audio 2.0 Device Software source code is available from www.xmos.ai under XMOS PUBLIC LICENCE: Version 1.

7 References

- [1] Cirrus Logic, CDB-PROAUDIO_DS1352DB; Dungle System (CDB-PROAUDIO)
- [2] Cirrus Logic, CS5312S_DS1435; High Performance Two-Channel Audio ADC Datasheet
- [3] Cirrus Logic, CS5312B_DS1434; High Performance Two-Channel Audio ADC Datasheet

8 Revision History

Revision	Changes
DB3 MAY 2026	• Released for public distribution.
DB2 APR 2026	• Added reference to the CS5312B ADC.
DB1 JAN 2026	• Initial version.

Contacting Cirrus Logic Support

For all product questions and inquiries, contact a Cirrus Logic Sales Representative.

To find the one nearest you, go to www.cirrus.com.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

The products and services of Cirrus Logic International (UK) Limited; Cirrus Logic, Inc.; and other companies in the Cirrus Logic group (collectively either “Cirrus Logic” or “Cirrus”) are sold subject to Cirrus Logic’s terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment, including those pertaining to warranty, indemnification, and limitation of liability. Software is provided pursuant to applicable license terms. Cirrus Logic reserves the right to make changes to its products and specifications or to discontinue any product or service without notice. Customers should therefore obtain the latest version of relevant information from Cirrus Logic to verify that the information is current and complete. Testing and other quality control techniques are utilized to the extent Cirrus Logic deems necessary. Specific testing of all parameters of each device is not necessarily performed. In order to minimize risks associated with customer applications, the customer must use adequate design and operating safeguards to minimize inherent or procedural hazards. Cirrus Logic is not liable for applications assistance or customer product design. The customer is solely responsible for its overall product design, end-use applications, and system security, including the specific manner in which it uses Cirrus Logic components. Certain uses or product designs may require an intellectual property license from a third party. Features and operations described herein are for illustrative purposes only and do not constitute a suggestion or instruction to adopt a particular product design or a particular mode of operation for a Cirrus Logic component.

CIRRUS LOGIC PRODUCTS ARE NOT DESIGNED, TESTED, INTENDED OR WARRANTED FOR USE (1) WITH OR IN IMPLANTABLE PRODUCTS OR FDA/MHRA CLASS III (OR EQUIVALENT CLASSIFICATION) MEDICAL DEVICES, OR (2) IN ANY PRODUCTS, APPLICATIONS OR SYSTEMS, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION LIFE-CRITICAL MEDICAL EQUIPMENT OR SAFETY OR SECURITY EQUIPMENT, WHERE MALFUNCTION OF THE PRODUCT COULD CAUSE PERSONAL INJURY, DEATH, SEVERE PROPERTY DAMAGE OR SEVERE ENVIRONMENTAL HARM. INCLUSION OF CIRRUS LOGIC PRODUCTS IN SUCH APPLICATIONS IS UNDERSTOOD TO BE FULLY AT THE CUSTOMER’S RISK AND CIRRUS LOGIC DISCLAIMS AND MAKES NO WARRANTY, EXPRESS, STATUTORY OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WITH REGARD TO ANY CIRRUS LOGIC PRODUCT THAT IS USED IN SUCH A MANNER. IF THE CUSTOMER OR CUSTOMER’S CUSTOMER USES OR PERMITS THE USE OF CIRRUS LOGIC PRODUCTS IN SUCH A MANNER, CUSTOMER AGREES, BY SUCH USE, TO FULLY INDEMNIFY CIRRUS LOGIC, ITS OFFICERS, DIRECTORS, EMPLOYEES, DISTRIBUTORS AND OTHER AGENTS FROM ANY AND ALL LIABILITY, INCLUDING ATTORNEYS’ FEES AND COSTS, THAT MAY RESULT FROM OR ARISE IN CONNECTION WITH THESE USES.

This document is the property of Cirrus Logic, and you may not use this document in connection with any legal analysis concerning Cirrus Logic products described herein. No license to any technology or intellectual property right of Cirrus Logic or any third party is granted herein, including but not limited to any patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other intellectual property rights. Any provision or publication of any third party’s products or services does not constitute Cirrus Logic’s approval, license, warranty or endorsement thereof. Cirrus Logic gives consent for copies to be made of the information contained herein only for use within your organization with respect to Cirrus Logic integrated circuits or other products of Cirrus Logic, and only if the reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated copyright, proprietary and other notices and conditions (including this notice). This consent does not extend to other copying such as copying for general distribution, advertising or promotional purposes, or for creating any work for resale. This document and its information is provided “AS IS” without warranty of any kind (express or implied). All statutory warranties and conditions are excluded to the fullest extent possible. No responsibility is assumed by Cirrus Logic for the use of information herein, including use of this information as the basis for manufacture or sale of any items, or for infringement of patents or other rights of third parties. Cirrus Logic, Cirrus, the Cirrus Logic logo design, and SoundClear are among the trademarks of Cirrus Logic. Other brand and product names may be trademarks or service marks of their respective owners.

Copyright © 2025 - 2026 Cirrus Logic, Inc. and Cirrus Logic International Semiconductor Ltd. All rights reserved.